

RLD-H10P Refrigerant Leak Detector

The RLD-H10P is a professional grade leak detector for use by refrigeration and air conditioning technicians. This detector senses all CFC, HCFC, and HFC refrigerants and blends, such as R12, R502, R22, R404a, R507, and R134a among others. The RLD-H10P is self-powered with a rechargeable battery. A full line of accessories and maintenance kits is also available, including replacement sensors, tune-up kits, probe extensions, battery chargers, and leak vial bottles.



Figure 1: RLD-H10P Leak Detector

Features and Benefits				
Positive Ion Emission Heated Diode Sensor	Provides the most sensitivity available today, while still detecting all halogenated refrigerant gases			
Rechargeable Battery	Enhances portabilityno external power required			
High Quality Air Pump	Supplies constant air flow to sensor so it responds quickly to leaks; also helps sensor recover quickly after exposure to refrigerant so leak can be verified			
Auto Balance Circuit	Compensates for background refrigerant levels			
Visual and Audible Signal	Audible Signal Facilitates sensing in noisy equipment rooms with 360° visibility and piercing tone; Frequency of noise/light indicates magnitude of leak			
Exceeds SAE J1627 Moving Probe Specification	Minimizes call-backs because the leak is found the first time, is verifiable, and the fix can be confirmed			
External Calibration Source	Indicates when the sensor is working properly and serves as a reference point to judge leak size			

Application Overview

Growing concern over the effects of certain refrigerants on the atmosphere has generated a strong motive to eliminate system leaks and to develop safer refrigerants. With the RLD-H10P, you can be confident that your instrument will provide the sensitivity and capabilities to meet your service needs today and for the years to come.

The RLD-H10P is intended principally as a service technician's tool. This detector has the capability to detect small amounts of halogenated gases, including chlorine and fluorine based refrigerants and blends.

Theory of Operation

The leak detector consists of a control unit with an auto balancing circuit, a probe with a 4.5 ft cable, a rechargeable battery, and a battery charger housed in a shock resistant molded polyethylene case. The sensor uses positive ion emission technology, which is based on the ionization characteristics of alkali metals. The alkali metals act as the cathode of a diode, and the anode is heated by a DC voltage. Air from the area being leak checked is pumped from the probe and into the space between the cathode and anode. If halogen gas is present, it creates an ionized current between the cathode and the anode, which is amplified to sound a speaker and light a neon lamp in the probe. Sensitivity can be controlled by adjusting the current (temperature) through the sensor.

Dimensions

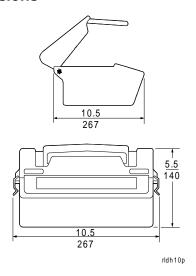


Figure 2: RLD-H10P Dimensions (in./mm)

Accessories



Figure 3: RLD-H10-100--14 in. Flexible Probe Extension



Figure 4: RLD-H10-101--120 VAC Power Supply (allows unit to operate from standard outlet)



Figure 5: RLD-H10-102--Cigarette Lighter Adaptor



Figure 6: RLD-H10-600R--Tune-up Kit; includes sensor, 100 filters, 4 airflow indicator balls, 3 rubber probe tips, and leak vial

Also available:

- Replacement sensor: RLD-H10-601R
- Maintenance kit; includes 100 filters, 4 airflow indicator balls, and 3 rubber probe tips: RLD-H10-602R
- Replacement leak vial: RLD-H10-603R
- Replacement battery charger (does not provide enough power to run unit off of 120 VAC outlet): RLD-H10-103

Operation



WARNING: Personal Injury Hazard.

Do not use the RLD-H10P in an explosive or combustive atmosphere. The ambient atmosphere is drawn through the probe and over the sensor, which operates at approximately 1000°F (540°C). The resulting hot mixture of air and combustible gas could explode.

- 1. Slide power switch to "on" position. (See Figure 8125604figure8.)
- 2. Slide range switch to small ("SM") position. (See Figure 8.)
- 3. Check red LED. If it glows, the battery needs to be recharged. (See section Charging the Batteries.)
- 4. Check for sufficient airflow by pointing the probe tip toward the floor and observing the airflow ball in the probe (Figure 7). If the airflow is sufficient, the ball will rise and float a small distance above the tip of the probe. If the ball does not rise, tap the probe lightly to make sure it is not sticking. If the ball still does not rise, check the filter in the probe tip as described in the Maintenance section.



Figure 7: Verifying Airflow

- 5. Allow two minutes for the sensor to warm up. When the sensor is warm, the light and sound indication should idle at around three or four beats per second.
- Proceed to the Calibration and Verification section.

Calibration and Verification

The leak vial may be used as often as necessary to assure proper operation of the RLD-H10P, and to assist in determining the size of the leak. When using the small leak range position, a leak of HFC causing an audible signal equal to that produced by the leak vial has a leak rate of approximately one-half ounce/year. When using the medium leak range position on a CFC or HCFC system, this leak rate would also be approximately one-half ounce/year.

Proper response during the calibration test verifies sensitivity and operation for all three test positions.

- 1. Ensure that the range switch is in the small ("SM") position. (See Figure 8.)
- Remove the black, sticky-label disc from the cap of the leak vial and discard. Allow a few minutes for the leak rate to stabilize. Do not attempt to unscrew the cap, as you may damage the bottle. It is filled with enough refrigerant to last approximately six months.
- 3. Test operation by briefly moving the probe tip over the opening of the leak vial as if you are trying to locate this leak. It is not necessary to hold the probe over the leak, as this does not simulate field conditions.

The RLD-H10P should respond with an increase in flash rate and sound, verifying operation and indicating the location of the leak.

- If the RLD-H10P does not respond to the leak vial, make sure there is liquid in the bottle. If the unit still does not respond to the leak, increase the sensor heat slightly by turning the sensor heat control knob 1/16th of a turn clockwise. (See Figure 8.)
- 5. Allow a minute for the sensor to heat, then repeat the calibration procedure.

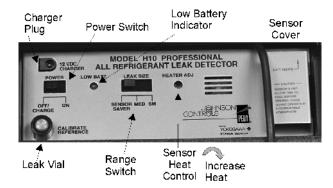


Figure 8: RLD-H10P Faceplate

Charging the Batteries

The RLD-H10P will run continuously for approximately 1.5 hours on a fully charged battery. When the battery light is lit, the unit should be recharged.

IMPORTANT: The RLD-H10P contains a gel-cell battery. To prolong the life of this type of battery: recharge the battery frequently (before it is fully discharged); do not recharge the battery for more than eight consecutive hours. Do not allow the battery to freeze.

To recharge the unit:

- 1. Turn the leak detector off.
- 2. Plug the battery charger cord into the socket labeled "12 VDC Charger" (see Figure 8).
- 3. Plug the charger into any 120 VAC outlet.
- 4. Allow the unit eight hours to fully charge the battery.

Note: The RLD-H10P will not operate properly with the charger plugged in. To operate the unit while plugged into a 120 VAC outlet, the AC adaptor (RLD-H10-101) must be used.

Tips for Finding Leaks

- Use the black rubber probe tip whenever possible and hold the probe approximately 1/4 in. above the area being tested. Move the probe tip at about two inches per second along seams or joints suspected of leaking.
- Start leak checking anywhere, and continue in a logical progression through the entire system to locate all leaks.
- Set the range switch to the appropriate range to ensure maximum sensor life. If the leak size is unknown, start at the "Sensor Saver" setting.

IMPORTANT: Exposing the sensor to large amounts of refrigerant or holding the probe over a leak for a long period of time will significantly shorten sensor life.

- The "Sensor Saver" range should be used to provide some protection to the sensor when there is a chance that it will be exposed to a high concentration of refrigerant gas. If the "Sensor Saver" range does not detect any leak, switch to the medium ("MED") range.
- On CFC and HCFC systems, the medium ("MED") range is sufficient to verify that the system is free of leaks that require fixing.
- On HFC systems, use the small ("SM") range to verify that the system is free of leaks that require fixing.
- Replace the filter often (as described in the Maintenance section) to retain airflow and sensitivity.
- Wipe all surfaces to be tested with a clean, dry cloth
- Check ports for moisture before inserting the probe.



CAUTION: Equipment Damage Hazard.

Submerging the probe in liquid will damage the vacuum pump.

Maintenance

Replacing the Filter and Airflow Indicator

To protect the air pump from damage due to foreign particles and moisture, replace the filter as it becomes dirty. With moderate use (15-30 minutes per day), replacing the filter once a month is recommended. In dirty environments or with heavy use, replace the filter more frequently. Replace the filter whenever it is visibly dirty or wet.

Replacing the Filter

- 1. Remove the black rubber probe tip.
- 2. Pick out the filter with a pin or tweezers. A fine screen will remain in the tip of the probe.
- 3. Insert the new filter in the probe tip. (See Figure 9.) Make sure that the filter is firmly seated against the fine screen.
- 4. Replace the rubber probe tip.

Replacing Airflow Indicator

- 1. Remove the clear plastic section of the probe by gently pulling on the white rubber grip. (See Figure 9.)
- 2. Turn the probe upside-down and tap on it to remove the old airflow indicator ball.
- 3. Insert the new airflow indicator ball into the probe.
- 4. Reattach the probe end to the hose.

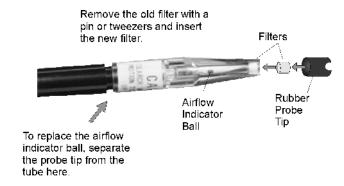


Figure 9: Replacing the Filter and Airflow Indicator

Replacing the Sensor

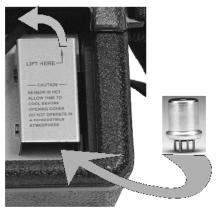
The sensor is a plug-in unit that is thrown away when expended. It needs replacement when the RLD-H10P no longer responds to the leak vial, even with the sensor heat control turned fully clockwise. (Make sure the leak vial bottle contains some refrigerant.)



CAUTION: Personal Injury Hazard.

Sensor surface temperature may reach 200°C (390°F) during operation, and may cause a burn if not allowed to cool.

- Turn the leak detector off.
- 2. Unplug the power cord if the unit is plugged in, and open the sensor cover. (See Figure 8 and Figure 10.)
- 3. Allow the sensor to cool before handling it (approximately 15 minutes).
- 4. Unplug and discard the sensor.
- 5. Insert a new sensor and close the sensor cover.
- 6. Turn the sensor heat control knob to its full counterclockwise position. (See Figure 8.)
- 7. Place the unit in operation, and calibrate the new sensor. (See instructions in the Calibration and Verification section.)
 - Open sensor cover by lifting upward and outward.



2. Unplug old sensor and insert new sensor.

Figure 10: Replacing the Sensor

Troubleshooting

Table 1: Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution		
Responds to leak vial on "Sensor Saver" setting	Heat control set too high	Decrease the sensor heat slightly by turning the sensor heat control knob 1/16th of a turn counterclockwise. (See Figure 8.) Allow a minute for the sensor to cool, then recheck.		
No response to leak vial	Leak vial empty	Reorder leak vial (RLD-H10-603R).		
	No air flow (Airflow indicator ball in probe does not float.)	Replace filter in probe tip (RLD-H10-602R). Check pump operation.		
	Sensor exposed to excessive amounts of halogen gas	Move probe to clean atmosphere for several minutes while sensor purges itself. Recalibrate in clean area.		
	Water in probe	While unit is operating, blow clean air (5 psig) into the probe tip for approximately one minute or blow (by mouth) as hard as possible into probe tip for one or two minutes. Replace the filter (RLD-H10-602R).		
	Heat control set too low	Increase the sensor heat slightly by turning the sensor heat control knob 1/16th of a turn clockwise. (See Figure 8.) Allow a minute for the sensor to heat, then recheck.		
Audio normal; lamp does not flash	Burned-out or damaged probe lamp			
Responds continuously in	Filter is clogged	Replace the filter (RLD-H10-602R).		
all leak positions	Dirt in sensor	Remove sensor (see Figure 10) and blow it out with clean air (not over 10 psig). If unsuccessful, replace the sensor (RLD-H10-601R). Replace the filter (RLD-H10-602R).		
	Short circuit in sensor	Replace sensor (RLD-H10-601R).		
	Atmosphere contaminated with excessive halogen gas	Ventilate area. Switch to large ("LG") leak setting. (See Figure 8.) Reduce sensor heat if unit still responds excessively at large leak rate setting.		
Responds continuously on small leak positions;	Excessive sensitivity	Decrease the sensor heat slightly by turning the sensor heat control knob 1/16th of a turn counterclockwise. (See Figure 8.) Allow a minute for the sensor to cool, then recheck.		

Ordering Information

Table 2: Ordering Information

Item	Description	
RLD-H10P-1	Refrigerant leak detector and charger	
RLD-H10-100	14 in. flexible probe extension	
RLD-H10-101	120 VAC power supply adaptor (allows unit to run unit off of 120 VAC outlet)	
RLD-H10-102	Cigarette lighter adaptor (charges or operates leak detector from vehicle's cigarette lighter)	
RLD-H10-103	Replacement battery charger (does not provide power to run unit off of 120 VAC outlet)	
RLD-H10-600R	Tune-up kit; includes sensor, 100 filters, 4 airflow indicator balls, 3 probe tips, and leak vial	
RLD-H10-601R	Replacement sensor	
RLD-H10-602R	Maintenance kit; includes 100 replacement filters, 4 airflow indicator balls, and 3 probe tips	
RLD-H10-603R	Replacement leak vial (contains enough refrigerant to last approximately six months)	

Repair Information

Should it become necessary to repair your RLD-H10P, please contact your Johnson Controls/PENN representative.

Warranty Repairs

Units under warranty will be shipped to Johnson Controls/PENN for repairs. The repairs will be completed within 24 hours after receipt by the repair center, and the unit will be returned to your Johnson Controls/PENN representative at the same priority of shipment with which it was received.

Non-Warranty Repairs

Units that are no longer under warranty will be repaired to factory specifications for a nominal fee. The repairs will be completed within seven days after receipt by the repair center, and the unit will be returned to your Johnson Controls/PENN representative at the same priority of shipment with which it was received.

Specifications

Product	RLD-H10P Refrigerant Leak Detector				
Power Requirements	12 VDC, charger 13.5 VDC An adaptor is available to allow unit to run off of 120 VAC power (RLD-H10-101).				
Sensing Element Type	Positive Ion Emission Heated Diode				
Approximate Sensitivity	Switch Position	Alarm Sensitivity (moving probe)			
	Small	>0.05 oz per year CFC and HCFC	>0.5 oz per year HFC		
	Medium	>0.5 oz per year CFC and HCFC	>1.0 oz per year HFC		
	Sensor Saver	>2.0 oz per year CFC and HCFC	>5.0 oz per year HFC		
Leak Alarm	Audible alarm, visible neon lamp				
Response Time	Approximately 1 second Approximately 2 minutes				
Warmup Time					
Accuracy	Meets SAE J1627 tes				
Probe Length	Approximately 4.5 ft (1.4 m)				
Ambient Operating Conditions					
Ambient Storage Conditions	14 to 140°F (-10 to 60°C); 5-90% RH, non-condensing				
Case	Rugged high-density polyethylene 5.5 x 10.5 x 8.5 in. (140 x 267 x 216 mm)				
Dimensions (H x W x D)					
Shipping Weight	5 lb (2.3 kg)				
Agency Listings	UL Listed, File SA971	7			

The performance specifications are nominal and conform to acceptable industry standards. For application at conditions beyond these specifications, consult the local Johnson Controls office. Johnson Controls, Inc. shall not be liable for damages resulting from misapplication or misuse of its products.



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